

Elston Hall Learning Trust Foundation Curriculum Policy

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reviewed by:	
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This policy sets out Elston Hall Primary School's approach to the thematic curriculum – the foundation subjects, which are listed below. Please see our English, Maths and Science policies for more information on how we teach the core subjects.

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Context

<u>Elston Hall Learning Trust — Mission Statement:</u>

Supporting Learning Inspiring Achievement

Elston Hall Multi-Academy Trust creates learning environments that are built on integrity and support; where children are happy.

Inspiring learning through exceptional teaching is at the heart of our Trust. We settle for nothing less than excellence in our drive for achievement in all areas of learning.

Elston Hall Learning Trust - Vision:

Partnership for Achievement

Elston Hall Multi-Academy Trust is underpinned by the moral purpose to change lives for the better.

We are committed to maximising the potential for our children, to support and meet their personal needs.

We want to encourage our children to be the best they can be and through learning, believe they can achieve anything.

Elston Hall Learning Trust - Aims:

Achieving the potential of our children is our fundamental aim, we will be relentless in our drive to ensure that this is delivered.

- Effective teaching has the most impact on learning teaching in our schools will be excellent.
- We will ensure we develop independent and resilient learners, everyone will be safe in our schools.
- The curriculum will be engaging, challenging and inclusive for all pupils, ensuring accelerated and sustained progress.
- Attendance figures will be above the National Average.
- Behaviour in all our schools will be excellent and provide a secure platform for learning.
- Teamship is embedded into the ethos of the Trust, where everybody supports each other and builds a work ethic based on good will and respect.
- Staff well-being and workload are recognised and supported by Leaders at all levels.
- Governance is secure and offers challenge and strategic support to ensure operational security.
- Staff development and training at all levels is at the forefront of our thinking; leaders are skilled in identifying the ability and developing the potential of individuals.
- The Trust is recognised locally and nationally as a trust of high quality, producing outstanding outcomes within a culture of achievement.

Intent

To plan and deliver an ambitious, broad and balanced curriculum that engages all learners to ensure excellent progress and outcomes. The curriculum is designed to provide all learners with the knowledge and cultural capital that they need to succeed in life. Following our progression documents, learning is planned and sequenced to ensure new knowledge and skills build on what has been taught before and opportunities are provided for revisiting skills and knowledge in order to achieve end of year and key stage outcomes. Teachers have the freedom and flexibility to deliver these objectives through a thematic curriculum supported by a published scheme 'Dimensions' which encourages creativity, engagement and allows links to be made between subjects in order to deepen understanding. Learning is designed to suit the needs of all pupils, especially disadvantaged and SEND, ensuring all children become successful learners. Children will leave schools within the EHLT with an in-depth understanding of subjects, rooted in the national curriculum, enhanced through a range of learning experiences including trips, visitors and exciting learning experiences.

Implementation

Legislation and guidance

This policy reflects the requirements of the National Curriculum programmes of study.

It also reflects the requirements for inclusion and equality as set out in the <u>Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practise 2015</u> and <u>Equality Act 2010</u>, and refers to curriculum-related expectations of governing boards set out in the <u>Department for Education Governance Handbook</u>.

Thematic curriculum

Computing, Geography, History, Art, Design and Technology and Music are delivered through a thematic curriculum which has been designed using the 'Dimensions' curriculum, National Curriculum and teacher's knowledge of the children within their year group. Themes identified within the Dimensions curriculum provide an opportunity to create a whole school thread through each of the **core** themes. The key whole school drivers of *Communication*, *Conservation* and *Culture* will be embedded and have been specifically adapted to meet the needs of pupils within the individual schools.

The curriculum design ensures that the National curriculum expectations are met and that there are opportunities for skills and knowledge from a variety of subjects to be taught and re-taught through engaging and challenging learning opportunities which create deeper understanding over time. Thematic lessons encourage pupils to be resilient and ambitious, using their initiative to be independent learners.

PSHE, PE, RE and MFL are taught discretely, however links are made between subjects wherever possible.

Planning Teaching and Learning

Teachers will plan varied and suitably challenging activities in line with the National Curriculum. In the Foundation stage, the thematic curriculum is taught through Physical Development; Personal, Social and Emotional Development; Understanding the World; and Expressive Arts and Design.

Lessons are planned in sequence and provide opportunities to build on both skills and knowledge throughout the phases across school. Staff use coverage documents based on NC expectations to ensure work is progressive, age-appropriate and differentiated correctly to meet the needs of all pupils. Work is recorded in a variety of ways to ensure all pupils are engaged in their learning. Even though there is a clear theme/thread to pupils learning children will be taught how the lessons develop discretely so they understand when they are been historians, artists, designers etc

Lessons outside of the Thematic curriculum are planned out in Medium Term Plans which teachers use to plan sequences of progressive lessons, links are made to the theme if and when appropriate.

Planning expectations are detailed in the Teaching and Learning Policy.

See our EYFS policy for information on how our early years curriculum is delivered.

Inclusion

All children are presented with the opportunity to experience success, regardless of race, ethnicity, gender, ability or disability. Pupils are expected to produce work to the best of their ability and learning opportunities are tailored to match the needs of all pupils.

Teachers set high expectations for all pupils, using assessment information to plan challenging work for all groups, including:

- More able pupils
- Pupils with low prior attainment
- Pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds
- Pupils with SEND
- Pupils with English as an additional language (EAL)

Further information can be found in our SEND policy.

British Values

At Elston Hall Learning Trust we recognise the importance of teaching British values in line with the definitions identified in the 'Prevent Strategy Values' 2011.

Health and Safety

Staff within Elston Hall Learning Trust work in accordance with Health and Safety Guidelines; more information can be found in the Health and Safety Policy. Health and safety guidance has been considered for all subjects and risk assessments can be found in the

Health and Safety folder in the main office. All trips and visits will follow organisational procedures. See Our Educational Visits policy for more information.

With any practical activity there can be an element of risk. To minimise this:

- Children should be taught to manage their environment to ensure the health and safety of themselves and others
- Materials/equipment should be stored in a safe and appropriate area of the classroom.
- All children must be taught how to use materials and tools correctly and safely
- Children should be taught to recognise and consider hazards and risks and to take action to control these risks, having followed simple instructions
- Children should always be strictly supervised in their use of equipment.
- Teachers should make sure children are aware of the need to maintain tools carefully and to return them to the correct location.
- Any cutting tools should only be used under adult supervision.
- Glass containers should not be used for water to prevent any unnecessary hazards.
- If any spillages occur, they must be cleared immediately to prevent the possibility of children slipping.
- All the basic art equipment to be found in classrooms is non-toxic.
- Any new materials to be used should be checked by the class teacher prior to use within the classroom.

Impact

Assessment, Reporting and Recording

Teachers regularly assess pupils' achievement of learning objectives through observation and marking of work. Feedback is given verbally and when appropriate recorded in books in line with our Marking Policy. Planning will be annotated with reference to children's acquisition of knowledge and development of skills.

Progression documents and ARE statements are used by teachers to assess pupils' achievement every term. Objectives are dated when evidence of pupils demonstrating this key skill are identified. Moderation is also completed for one representative pupil from each ability group in the class with colleagues across school and/or the Trust. These are then used to support teacher assessment for each individual pupil at the end of the year. Pupils are awarded as beginning (b) developing (d) or secure (s) within their age-related expectations. Pupils working below the level of the year group are awarded WTS. For further information, please see the Assessment Policy.

Pupil achievement is shared with parents through consultation evenings and in pupils' end of year reports.

Assessment information is used by class teachers to ensure that future planning matches the needs of pupils. This information is then passed up to the next year group to support future planning to ensure all misconceptions and 'gaps' in learning are addressed.

It is also used by the curriculum leader, alongside other monitoring information, to identify effective teaching and learning and any next steps.

Curriculum leaders are responsible for ensuring teaching and learning in their subject is of the highest quality. They will write an action plan which states the overall objective and targets for their subject alongside actions to achieve this. The impact of teaching and learning in their subject will be monitored and further actions planned to address any next steps.

Monitoring may include:

- Book trawls
- Monitoring of planning
- Lesson observations
- Pupil conversations
- Surveys of the learning environment including displays
- Scrutiny of assessment data
- Staff questionnaires

The role of the Curriculum Leader

- Provide leadership and direction for a specified subject area; leading and coordinating the teaching and learning of the subject.
- Contribute to the school's programme of monitoring and evaluation of learning and teaching and standards attained by pupils within the specified subject
- Support and observe the teaching of the specified subject across the school encouraging the evaluation and sharing of good practice
- Monitor Teacher Assessment data within specified subject on a regular basis providing support for teachers
- Lead the analysis of appropriate data; creating reports and action plans for a range of audiences; SLT, Governors, School Improvement Advisor etc....
- Lead and manage the schools response to CPD for the specified subject
- Alongside SLT establish resource priorities and monitor the effectiveness of resource usage and spending
- Have total support of the school aims and ethos and the leadership drive to ensure them.
- Act as a role model for others through the setting of high personal standards of classroom practice. These to include the development of an effective learning environment that fosters high standards of achievement and behaviour.
- Undertake any other duties or responsibilities which may be reasonably regarded as within the nature of the post or determined by the Headteacher

Curriculum leaders at EHLT:

Subject	Elston Hall	Goldthorn Park	Edward the Elder	Palmers Cross
_	@elston.org.uk	@goldthorn.org.uk	@edwardtheelder.org.uk	@palmers.org.uk
Computing	Kully Bahia	Vikram Sandhi	Emmie Louca	Charlotte Hancock
PSHEe	Jennifer Dell Katie Perry	Rapinder Bains	Charlotte Squire	Charlotte Hancock
History	Bella Dyke	Helen Morgan	Jess Carroll	Emma Biffin
Geography	Victoria Foster	Kate Armstrong	Jess Carroll	Dan Nicholls
MFL	Gill Mitchell	Rapinder Bains	Amy Guest	Abbie Lewis
Design Tech	Lisa Lavill	Lesley Flanagan	Ann Lockley	Emily Spackman
Art	Yvonne Dyke	Rebecca Wood	Ann Lockley	Emily Spackman
PE	Joanne Fellows	Luke Holmes	Leah Harper	Dan Nicholls
RE	Sue McLuskie	Ruth Sewell	Ann Lockley	Emma Biffin
Music	Jessica Knowles	Elaine Skitt	Mel Kilpatrick	Dani Williams

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy:

EYFS Development Matters 2021
National Curriculum 2014
Thematic Topic Intent Statements
Teaching and Learning policy
School marking policy
Assessment cycle
Year group progression documents
Subject progression documents
School risk assessments
British Values statement
Health and safety policy
Educational visits policy
Relationship Education policy
SEND policy

Computing

Intent	Implementation	Impact
A high-quality computing education equips pupils to use computational thinking and creativity to understand and change the world. Computing has deep links with mathematics, science, and design and technology, and provides insights into both natural and artificial systems. The core of computing is computer science, in which pupils are taught the principles of information and computation, how digital systems work, and how to put this knowledge to use through programming. Building on this knowledge and understanding, pupils are equipped to use information technology to create programs, systems and a range of content. Computing also ensures that pupils become digitally literate — able to use, and express themselves and develop their ideas through, information and communication technology — at a level suitable for the future workplace and as active participants in a digital world. The National Curriculum for Computing aims to ensure that all pupils: Can understand and apply the fundamental principles of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation Can analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems. Can evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems Are responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology. Additionally, we aim to: Respond to new developments in technology. Equip pupils with the confidence and skills to use digital tools and technologies throughout their lives. Enhance and enrich learning in other areas of the curriculum using technology. Develop the understanding of how to use computers and digital tools safely and responsibly.	In EYFS, Computing links to the areas: Understanding of	Computing work is photographed/printed and recorded in books where appropriate. Practical work is saved on iPads/Purple Mash/children's user areas depending on the Software used. We assess the children's work in computing by making ongoing judgements as we observe the children during lessons and their final outcomes at the end of each unit of teaching. Computing is assessed as explained above in Assessment, Reporting and Recording. Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately.

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy:

Computing National Curriculum 2014 Progression in skills document E-safety Policy Acceptable use policy Thematic Topic Intent Statements

Geography

Intent	Implementation	Impact
A high-quality geography education should inspire in pupils a curiosity and fascination about the world and its people that will remain with them for the rest of their lives. Teaching should equip pupils with knowledge about diverse places, people, resources and natural and human processes. As pupils progress, their growing knowledge about the world should help them to deepen their understanding of the interaction between physical and human processes. As pupils progress, their growing knowledge about the world should help them to deepen their understanding of the interaction between physical and human processes, and of the formation and use of landscapes and environments. Geographical knowledge provides the tools and approaches that explain how the Earth's features at different scales are shaped, interconnected and change over time. The national curriculum for geography aims to ensure that all pupils: • Develop contextual knowledge of the location of places, seas and oceans, including their defining physical and human characteristics • Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time • Are competent in the geographical skills needed to: • Collect, analyse and communicate with a range of data gathered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their understanding of geographical processes • Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Information Systems (GIS) • Communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps and writing at length. Additionally, we aim to ensure pupils: • Develop a strong interest in their own surroundings and in the physical and human aspects which have shaped it. • Understand some of the relationships between people and their environments.	In EYFS, Geography links to the areas: Understanding of the World and Mathematics. Enquiry forms a part of all work in geography. Planning will take account of pupil's interests, experiences and capabilities and lead to investigations based on fieldwork and classroom activities. Pupils will develop their geographical skills through the National Curriculum breadth of study and being taught key skills each year, building on previous learning. Geography is taught through the Thematic curriculum and Dimensions scheme is used to support planning. We will use a variety of teaching methods best suited to the abilities and interests of the children, including: Fieldwork and local studies Observation and enquiry Individual, group and class investigations Discussion and debate Pupils will be encouraged to select information from a variety of resources including: photographs maps, charts, atlases and globes documents, books and newspapers visitors fieldwork and local area studies videos, TV and radio programmes Information and Communication Technology	Geography work is recorded in books. Geography is assessed as explained above in Assessment, Reporting and Recording. Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately.

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy: Geography National Curriculum 2014

Coverage/progression document

Thematic Topic Intent Statements

History

Intent	Implementation	Impact	
A high-quality history education will help pupils gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It should inspire pupils' curiosity to know more about the past. Teaching should equip pupils to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift	In EYFS, History links to the area: Understanding of the World.	History work is recorded in books.	
arguments, and develop perspective and judgement. History helps pupils to understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time.	Enquiry should form a part of all work in history. It should take account of pupil's interests, experiences and capabilities and develop the skills of	History is assessed as explained above in Assessment, Reporting and	
 The national curriculum for history aims to ensure that all pupils: know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past 	investigating, organising, analysing and evaluating. Pupils will develop their historical skills through the National Curriculum breadth of study and key skills each year, building on previous learning. In History we use the Dimensions scheme to support progression and planning. We will use a variety of teaching methods best suited to the abilities and	Recording. Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately.	
non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind gain and deploy a historically-grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'	 interests of the children, including: Story telling Discussion and debate 	duaressed appropriately.	
 understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically-valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses 	InvestigationsRole play and dramaVisits to historical sites		
 understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed 	In-school history days Our planning will follow the National curriculum guidelines to ensure that progression is maintained The school history days Our planning will be to be a second to be the second t		
 gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long-term timescales. 	across the key stages and that the correct skills are taught. Pupils will be encouraged to select information from a variety of resources including:- • Written sources — primary and secondary		
Additionally, we aim to ensure students:	 Photographs, paintings, cartoons, films, 		
 develop an interest in the past and an enjoyment for the subject; develop a sense of identity and an understanding of their own position in their community and the world; develop a sense of chronology; 	video and posters Oral sources — relatives, local people, experts from Historical organisations Artefacts — original items and reproductions		
develop the skills of enquiry, investigation, analysis, evaluation, argument, sequencing comparison and deduction Description of the proof in continuous transfer with this policy. History, National Continuous 201	 Historical re-enactments — music, dance, role-play stories 		

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy: History National Curriculum 2014

Coverage/Progression document

Thematic Topic Intent Statements

<u>Art</u>

Intent	Implementation	Impact
Art, craft and design embody some of the highest forms of human creativity. A high-quality art and design education should engage, inspire and challenge pupils, equipping them with the knowledge and skills to experiment, invent and create their own works of art, craft and design. As pupils progress, they should be able to think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of art and design. They should also know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. The national curriculum for art and design aims to ensure that all pupils: • produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences • become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques • evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design • know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.	In EYFS, Art links to the areas: Expressive Arts and Design and Physical Development. Art is delivered through the Thematic Curriculum supported by the Dimensions Scheme. Key skills to be covered are taken from the progression documents for each year group. A variety of teaching methods are employed to suit the different activities: Stimulate pupils through photographs, music and film etc. Teaching direct artistic skills, e.g. scale, colour making, perspective Instruction on the correct use of tools, equipment and materials. Instruction and development using a variety of materials and media. Setting homework to encourage pupils to research and collect data from home and other sources. Observation and discussion of the work of other artists, their use of materials and treatment of different subjects.	Art work, particularly planning and experimentation, is recorded in Art books which are passed up through school. Final pieces of Art work are displayed in school. Art is assessed as explained above in Assessment, Reporting and Recording. Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately.
 Additionally, we believe that art studies should enable pupils to: Be selective in their choice and application of materials to suit the task. Develop control, confidence and understanding in using different materials and techniques. Experiment with the elements of art and to use more formal ways to communicate ideas and feelings, e.g. scale and distortion. Visualise ideas, discuss them with others and modify them, with justification. Discuss the different purposes of art and describe how artists have represented their ideas, making use of an art vocabulary. Recognise and discuss the work of a number of artists, representing different styles and periods, and understanding something of the times in which their work was made and how their work influenced others. Apply what they have learned from other artists' work, in an imaginative way to inform their own. Use ICT confidently and as an extension of their creative self. 	Pupils will be encouraged to use a variety of resources and mediums including: Photographs/postcards/film clips Famous artists/designer's books. Paintings, drawings, sculptures. Paint: watercolour, poster, acrylic, oil. Pencils: HB, 2B, 4B, 6B, 8B, colouring pencils. Charcoal & graphite. Clay. Chalks, crayons. Mod roc. Plaster. Computing Technology.	

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy: Art National Curriculum 2014

Coverage/progression document

Thematic Topic Intent Statements

Design and Technology

Design and Technology				
Intent	Implementation	Impact		
Design and technology is an inspiring, rigorous and practical subject. Using creativity and imagination, pupils design and make products that solve real and relevant problems within a variety of contexts, considering their own and others' needs, wants and values. They acquire a broad range of subject knowledge and draw on disciplines such as mathematics, science, engineering, computing and art. Pupils learn how to take risks, becoming resourceful, innovative, enterprising and capable citizens. Through the evaluation of past and present design and technology, they develop a critical understanding of its impact on daily life and the wider world. High-quality design and technology education makes an essential contribution to the creativity, culture, wealth and well-being of the nation. The national curriculum for design and technology aims to ensure that all pupils: • develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world • build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users • critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others • understand and apply the principles of nutrition and learn how to cook.	In EYFS, DT links to the areas: Expressive Arts and Design and Physical Development. Design and technology is delivered through the Thematic Curriculum using the Dimension scheme to support progression and planning. Key skills to be covered are taken from the progression documents for each year group. A variety of teaching methods are employed to suit the different activities: Research design ideas using a range of sources e.g. catalogues, internet, photos Teaching direct design skills, e.g. measuring, joining, cutting Instruction on the correct use of tools, equipment and materials. Instruction and development using a variety of materials and media. Setting homework to encourage pupils to research and collect data from home and other sources. Evaluation and discussion Pupils will be encouraged to use a variety of resources, including: Textiles: Choosing appropriately for their purpose from a growing range of both synthetic and natural textiles. Materials: Include an increasing range of mechanical systems (gears, pulleys, levers, cams) and apply knowledge of how to strengthen, reinforce and support more complex structures. Electronics: Including electrical circuits which incorporate	DT work is recorded in books which are passed up through school. Final pieces of DT work are displayed in school. Photographs are taken and stored as evidence. DT is assessed as explained above in Assessment, Reporting and Recording. Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately.		
	switches, bulbs, motors and buzzers.			

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy:

Design Technology National Curriculum 2014 Coverage/Progression document Thematic Topic Intent Statements

Music

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Intent	Implementation	Impact	
Music is a universal language that embodies one of the highest forms of creativity. A high-quality music education should engage and inspire pupils to develop a love of music and their talent as musicians, and so increase their self-confidence, creativity and sense of achievement. As pupils progress, they should develop a critical engagement with music, allowing them to compose, and to listen with discrimination to the best in the musical canon. Music can change the way pupils think and act. Music is a unique way of communicating that can inspire and motivate children. It is a vehicle for personal expression and it can play an important part in the personal development of people. Music reflects the culture and society we live in, and so the teaching and	In EYFS, Music is used to enrich children's learning across all of the seven key areas of learning and provides an effective tool to make learning dynamic, fun and engaging. Music has key links to the areas: Expressive Arts and Design; Physical Development; and Communication and Language. In both KS1 and KS2 music will be incorporated into half-termly blocks. Teachers will plan varied and suitably challenging music activities in line with the National Curriculum. Music is taught both through the Dimension scheme and the musical programme Charanga.	Teachers annotate weekly lesson plans, noting key points including children who over/under achieved and any teaching points that need covering again. Music is assessed as explained above in Assessment, Reporting and Recording.	
learning of music enables children to better understand the world they live in. Besides being a creative and enjoyable activity, music can also be a highly academic and demanding subject. It also plays an important part in helping children feel part of a community. We provide opportunities for all children to listen to, create, play, perform and enjoy music, to develop the skills to appreciate a wide variety of musical forms, and to begin to make judgements about the quality of music.	Charanga is easy to use for non-music specialists and incorporates a complete scheme to teach the national curriculum for music. It has a vast library of songs, topics, instrument courses and creative apps. Each class has a Charanga music planning folder which contains the lesson plans for each unit. Pupils will be encouraged to select and use a variety of resources including: -	Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately.	
The national curriculum for music aims to ensure that all pupils: • perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians	 tuned and unturned instruments a range of CD's to listen to in class or in assembly. Music toolkit on 2 simple – installed on laptops and computers in ICT room 		
 learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence 	Each key stage have access to their own music box full of percussion instruments. These can be taken to classrooms and used within a music lesson or other cross-curricular lessons.		
 understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	If any different resources are required or need replacing, then year groups should inform the curriculum leader.		

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy: Music National Curriculum 2014 Coverage/Progression document

Class Charanga planning folders

Charanga online planning and guidance

Modern Foreign Language

Intent	Implementation	Impact
Learning a foreign language is a liberation from	Languages are taught throughout the school. French is our chosen focus	Pupils in Y4-6 have an MFL book to record
insularity and provides an opening to other cultures. A	languages are taught infoughout the school. French is our chosen jocus language to ensure progress is made across year groups and key stages.	·
high-quality languages education should foster pupils'	However, we also celebrate all languages spoken by our pupils.	their learning. This book will be passed from
	Thowever, we also celebrate all languages spoken by our pupils.	year to year to show pupil progress.
curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world.	Durantanian of tooching is detailed in our management of enumeral union	
The teaching should enable pupils to express their	Progression of teaching is detailed in our progression document, based upon	Evidence of speaking, listening and reading is
ideas and thoughts in another language and to	two published schemes both of which support non-specialist languages teachers:	available in the form of pupil interviews
understand and respond to its speakers, both in speech	EYFS and KS1: Little Languages	conducted each year by the MFL leader.
and in writing. It should also provide opportunities for	KS2: La Jolie Ronde	
them to communicate for practical purposes, learn new		For assessment, one more able, one average
ways of thinking and read great literature in the	These provide staff with a progressive scheme for French learning which	and one lower ability child per class will be
original language. Language teaching should provide	includes and more than meets all the requirements of the new National	• ,
the foundation for learning further languages,	Curriculum. It also provides a great deal of support for non-specialist teachers	tracked throughout their school journey using
equipping pupils to study and work in other countries.	with a variety of media, including sound files of authentic French speakers,	our progression document. This will be
	video clips, phonic details and ideas for games, tasks and activities. Additional	supported by pupil interviews conducted by our
The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure	resources are also available online and many existing resources from previous	MFL leader.
that all pupils:	years are saved on the school's sharepoint. Supplementary resources are found	
 understand and respond to spoken and written 	on Twinkl.	Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of
language from a variety of authentic sources		teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and
 speak with increasing confidence, fluency and 	Timetabling	next steps will be addressed appropriately.
spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they	EYFS and KS1: 'drip-feed' basis as part of the school day as appropriate.	
want to say, including through discussion and asking	KS2: discrete timetabled slot of at least 30 minutes each week. Lessons may be	
questions, and continually improving the accuracy of	blocked into chunks of learning where appropriate.	
their pronunciation and intonation		
can write at varying length, for different purposes	Inclusion	
and audiences, using the variety of grammatical	All pupils access learning of another language. Differentiation within lessons is	
structures that they have learnt	ensured by:	
5	Use of cognates where possible	
• discover and develop an appreciation of a range of	Picture and action clues to aid memory when learning new	
writing in the language studied.	vocabulary.	

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy:National Curriculum for MFL 2014 Teacher support notes and guidance within Little Languages and La Jolie Ronde Scheme
Progression documents. Overview of whole school key skills and vocabulary.
International School Award portfolios from 2013, 2010, 2016, 2019 and 2021 and feedback from assessors in 2022.

• Activity and support.

Physical Education

Physical Education			
Intent	Implementation	Impact	
Intent A high-quality physical education curriculum inspires all pupils to succeed and excel in competitive sport and other physically demanding activities. It should provide opportunities for pupils to become physically confident in a way which supports their health and fitness. Opportunities to compete in sport and other activities build character and help to embed values such as fairness and respect. The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils: • develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities • are physically active for sustained periods of time engage in competitive sports and activities • lead healthy, active lives. Additionally, we aim for pupils: • to be creative, competitive and to face up to different challenges as individuals and in groups and teams • to learn how to plan, perform and evaluate actions, ideas and performances to improve their quality and effectiveness • to develop pupils awareness about themselves, their capabilities and their limitations. • to discover their aptitudes, abilities and preferences, and make choices about how to get involved in lifelong physical activity • to develop their enthusiasm and enjoyment, self confidence and self worth. • to develop an understanding of the importance of teamwork, learning how to work with and respect others. • to have the opportunity to access 60 minutes of daily sport and physical activity, whether	Implementation In EYFS, PE links the areas: Physical Development; Personal, Social and Emotional Development; and Expressive Arts and Design. The teaching of Physical Education is a legal requirement. Physical Education teaching at EHLT will be within the framework provided by the National Curriculum. Children receive at least 2 hours of PE teaching per week. We provide the breadths of study encompassing 6 areas of activity, dance, games, gymnastics, swimming and water safety, athletics and outdoor and adventurous activities. Some aspects of PE are taught through the Dimensions curriculum, especially within the area of Dance. Our PE medium-term plan is designed to ensure continuity, progression and differentiation. Children are taught by a combination of specialist coaches and school staff to ensure the highest level of expertise is used to deliver high quality lessons. At EHLT we value the expertise of outside agencies and the opportunities they provide for our children to apply Physical Education in the real world. We endeavor to develop and utilise links with: Local sports clubs. Wolverhampton Association for Sport in Primary Schools (WASPS). Community based organisations. Parents and friends of the school. Local Secondary Schools Connect Ed We aim for a safe and stimulating environment. We use the halls and playgrounds, plus grassed areas where accessible (e.g. for sports day). Teachers are asked to check these areas before lessons to ensure that pupils and themselves are not any risk. A wide range of resources are provided to stimulate and create an interactive lesson in which all abilities can take part. The resources provide an excellent source to differentiate lesson content: Different sized balls and catching equipment Targets to develop throwing skills Netballs, basketballs and footballs Uni-hockey / field hockey equipment Short Tennis and Badminton equipment Free play agames chest for KS1	Each class has a PE assessment folder. This is used by coaches and teaching staff to record an assessment of the pupil's skills and capabilities at the start and end of each unit. The PE leader will monitor these files termly and identify any pupils needing additional PE sessions/intervention to support their progress. At the end of the year, this information is used by teachers to award children with a final assessment (B, D or S within the year group, or WTS for those working below). Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately.	

- Basketball and netball hoops
- Rounders and Kwik cricket resource bags

The following 3 principles ensure an inclusive curriculum:

- setting suitable learning challenges
- responding to pupils diverse learning needs
- overcoming potential barriers to learning and assessment for individuals and groups of pupils.

Planning takes account of pupils with disabilities, enabling them to participate as fully and effectively as possible. Pupils needs and requirements relate to their individual targets S.E.N action plans (ILSPs). They can be related to when lessons are planned in order to ensure that pupils physical needs are being supported.

Pupils identified as needing extra support in Physical Education will be given the appropriate help in lessons, for example by using adaptable resources and activities aimed at an appropriate level of difficulty. (STEP — change the Space, Time, Equipment or People to cater for individual needs)

Lessons should present challenges to allow for the achievements of gifted children and be aware of providing the opportunity for success to less able children. Gifted and Talented children will be provided with opportunity to support lessons through demonstrating skills. They will also be given opportunity to attend City trials to take part in matches and competitions to drive their skills forward.

It is recognised that parents play a crucial role in helping their children learn, and sharing targets and successes in Physical Education is central to partnership between parents, pupils and teachers. Parents and carers are welcomed to sporting events and competitions throughout the academic year. They are also provided with the opportunity to attend sports day and presentation to be apart of their child's sporting achievements.

The Teaching Staff provide a range of sporting after school clubs, which is driven by the subject leader. Every child has the opportunity to choose and take part in after school clubs. Every child has the opportunity to develop their own physical, social and mental skills through a variety of sports.

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy:

PE National Curriculum 2014

Class assessment folders

Coverage/Progression documents Planning files

ning files Sports Premium Action Plans

Religious Education

Intent High quality Religious Education enhances pupils' awareness and understanding of religious beliefs, including Christianity, other principal religions and worldviews, whilst developing respect and sensitivity to others. It offers opportunities for personal reflection and spiritual development and encourages children to develop their own sense of identity and belonging. R.E also provokes challenging questions about human identity, meaning and value. Pupils learn to consider the value of wisdom from different communities, to disagree respectfully, to be reasonable in their responses to religions and worldviews and to respond by expressing insights into their own and others' lives. Religious education therefore has an important role in preparing pupils at EHLT for adult life, employment

We believe that Religious education should enable pupils to:-

and life-long learning.

- Promote religious understanding, discernment and respect
- Challenge prejudice and stereotyping
- Explore the significance of the environment both locally and globally and the role of humanity
- Promote pupils' self-worth, thus enabling them to reflect on their uniqueness and human belonging
- Share their feelings and emotions with others and appreciate the importance of forming and maintaining positive relationships
- Develop a clear understanding of religions in the world today
- Learn about the ways different faith communities relate to each other
- Focus on ultimate questions and ethical issues

Implementation

RE learning will follow the Wolverhampton Sacre Syllabus. The spiral model of progression provided by the 34 programmes of study will provide both breadth and balance and will enable pupils to return to key concepts in relation to different religions, building their knowledge in a well-structured sequence.

Pupils will be taught to:

- Know about and understand Religions and world views
- Express ideas and insights into religions and world views
- Gain and deploy the skills for learning from religions and world views

Across each Key Stage pupils will develop their knowledge of religions and worldviews. They will learn to express and communicate their ideas and insights about the nature, significance and impact of religions and worldviews. They will develop and use the skills needed to engage seriously with these religions and worldviews.

RE learning will focus on the religious communities from which the children in our schools come from. These will include Sikh, Hindu, Muslim and Christian communities. Children will learn from Christianity in each Key Stage. In addition, pupils will learn from the principal religions represented in the UK, in line with the law. These are Islam, Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism and Judaism. Many of our pupils are from families where non-religious worldviews are held and these views, including Humanism, will also be the focus for study.

RE will be taught during discrete RE lessons on a weekly basis in a clearly identifiable time. Teachers will plan suitably challenging religious activities using the non-statutory scheme of work in line with the Agreed Syllabus. In both KS1 and KS2 R.E.is taught through a range of religious themes set out in units of work. Each year group will teach four units over the year. The sequence of learning within these units ensures continuity and progression. The units of work for each year group are in PDF format on the school platform in the RE curriculum folder. Detailed lessons plans will be put in year group planning folders on the platform.

In EYFS, RE links to the areas: Personal, Social and Emotional Development; and Understanding the World as well as Communication and Language. RE in the Early Years will be taught through purposeful play, with a mix of adult led and child-initiated activities. Children will listen to and talk about religious stories, special people, books and objects to enable them to develop an appreciation of the world in which they live.

In KS1 pupils develop their knowledge and understanding of religions. They find out about simple examples of religion in local, national and global contexts. They will use basic specific vocabulary, raise questions and begin to express their own views and

Impact

Teachers will assess children's previous knowledge and vocabulary through questioning and class discussion at the start of each new unit. They will use the outcomes for each year group and key stage to plan high quality lessons, where learning is pitched correctly to support pupils who require further reinforcement and provide challenge to those pupils who require 'deeper thinking'.

Pupils in year 1-6 will record their learning in an RE book. Pupils in EYFS will record their learning in a topic book or 'floor book'.

Children's knowledge and understanding will be teacher assessed at the end of each unit. Teachers will collate evidence from a variety of sources including the Age-Related Expectations, questioning, marking of books and teacher/pupil discussions to establish whether children are working below, at the expected level or above. This information is then shared with the receiving teachers at the end of the year to ensure future planning is reflective of pupil's knowledge, skills and understanding.

 Appreciate their own and others' beliefs and cultures and how these affect individuals, communities and societies

At EHLT we recognise the significant contribution that RE makes to pupils' ability to engage with ideas about fundamental British values, such as tolerance and respect for people who hold varied beliefs and worldviews. The teaching of Religious Education will support and enable pupils to discuss and develop their understanding of the British values of:

- Democracy
- Rule of law
- Individual liberty
- Mutual respect
- Tolerance

respond to questions and ideas. Learning will be interactive, using story, music, drama, activity, teamwork, questioning and language work.

In KS2 pupils extend their knowledge and understanding of religions. They are introduced to an extended range of sources and subject specific vocabulary. They are encouraged to be curious, to ask increasingly challenging questions about religion, beliefs, values and human life. Pupils learn to express their ideas thoughtfully, selecting examples and giving reasons to support their ideas.

We will use a variety of teaching methods best suited to the abilities and interests of the children, including:

- Story telling
- Discussion and debate
- Role play and drama
- o Art and creative expression
- Visits to places of worship
- Visitors to school
- In-school religious days

<u>Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy:</u> RE National Curriculum 2014. Wolverhampton Agreed Syllabus 2021 Non Statutory Units lesson notes and guidance. Planning folders. Prgression documents ARE target sheets. Class assessment folders.

Personal, Social, Health, Economic education

Intent Our children are growing up in a complex world, living their lives on and offline. It is our role to teach children how to be safe and healthy and to be able to face the challenges ahead with confidence. PSHE enables pupils to understand feelings, make healthy choices, share opinions, to recognise that bullying is wrong and know how to stay safe. It allows children to develop their own sense of worth and respect others. It prepares them for bodily and emotional changes at puberty. Teaching covers all statutory relationship and health objectives in order to ensure a deep understanding of the features of healthy relationships, how to stay safe (including online) and how to look after their own physical and mental wellbeing. The subject also introduces a range of jobs to pupils and prepares them to look after and save money. It exposes pupils to some of the different beliefs and values in society, and teaches them to demonstrate respect and tolerance towards people different from themselves.

PSHE education makes a major contribution to schools' statutory responsibilities to provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Our curriculum promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and prepare pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life. It also supports the teaching of British values in line with the definitions identified in the 'Prevent Strategy values' 2011.

While PSHE is a non-statutory subject, in accordance with the Education Act 2002/Academies Act 2010, it is vital that we

Implementation

In EYFS, PSHE links to the areas: Personal, Social and Emotional Development; Physical Development; Communication and Language; and Understanding the World.

Our PSHE curriculum for Years 1-6 is based on the PSHE Associations Programme of Study. This covers all statutory Relationships and Health objectives, as well as many more topics which help to prepare children to deal with the challenges ahead. PSHE is taught under the three core themes:

- Health and Wellbeing
- Relationships
- Living in the Wider World

The curriculum has been produced in consultation with parents. Parent workshops are held to share the curriculum and it is also published on the school's website. Parental comments were invited through surveys and conversations with school leaders. Parents are invited in to view teaching material and regular correspondence with parents will inform them of key curriculum content for their pupils as well as ways that they can support their pupils' learning at home.

The long-term plan sets out key themes to be taught in each year group. There will be opportunities for cross-curricular links through the Thematic subjects/Dimensions but some areas/lessons will be taught discretely in blocks. The medium-term plan sets out key objectives to be taught under three key themes each term. Suggested resources are provided which have been quality checked to ensure they are age appropriate and support pupil's progress.

It is the responsibility of class teachers to use the medium-term plan to plan out a sequence of lessons to ensure pupils develop a deep understanding of the objectives set out. Teachers must check all resources and watch videos to ensure they match the needs of pupils in their class, considering any key issues which may be sensitive to individual pupils in their class.

Lessons are taught sensitively, and we will create a safe and supportive learning environment by following agreed ground rules for all PSHE lessons. Any issues highlighted as a result of sessions are reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead, as detailed in our safeguarding policies and procedures. Due to the nature of PSHE education, lessons may result in them seeking advice or support on a specific personal issue. Teachers cannot offer complete confidentiality; this will be made clear to pupils and any external contributors e.g. school nurses. CPD will be provided regularly to ensure staff are kept up

Impact

Pupils from Year 1-6 have an individual PSHE book which will be used to record pupil's responses to lessons taught. This can be used to support assessment of pupils understanding.

A class PSHE book is used to record whole class learning and show the variety of teaching methods used to deliver PSHE effectively e.g. debates, role plays and use of visitors to enhance learning.

PSHE is assessed as explained above in Assessment, Reporting and Recording.

Monitoring will assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning on pupil outcomes and next steps will be addressed appropriately. The PSHE coordinator and school staff will review and assess the curriculum coverage by:

- Reviewing lesson evaluations and outcomes
- Identifying priorities using inschool and local data
- Reviewing the needs of pupils as identified through surveys and observations

deliver a high quality PSHE curriculum in order to ensure our children receive a broad and balanced curriculum which supports their personal development, fulfils our duties relating to SMSC, behaviour and safety and prepares pupils for the challenges and opportunities of adult life. PSHE education does not exist in isolation; it is part of a whole school approach to ensure the best opportunities for all of our pupils.

Relationships Education forms part of our PSHE curriculum and these lessons are statutory — there is no right of withdrawal from these sessions. Sex education is taught to pupils in Year 6. While parents have the right to withdraw pupils from aspects of RSE not in the National Curriculum, we believe that this aspect of PSHE education plays a vital part in helping to meet school's responsibilities to safeguard our pupils.

The benefits to pupils of such an approach are numerous as PSHE prepares them to manage many of the most critical opportunities, challenges and responsibilities they will face growing up. It also helps them to connect and apply the knowledge and understanding they learn in all subjects to practical, real-life situations while helping them to feel safe and secure enough to fulfil their academic potential.

to date with any emerging issues and are confident in providing high quality PSHE learning.

Teachers understand that pupils will bring differing levels of knowledge and understanding to issues explored through our PSHE curriculum. Teachers will assess pupils starting points at the start of a topic to ensure teaching meets the needs of all pupils. an anonymous 'question box' will be provided in each classroom where pupils can submit any questions which they do not feel comfortable to ask out loud and these will be addressed appropriately.

We will use a variety of teaching methods best suited to the abilities and interests of the children, including:-

- Discussion and debate
- Individual, pair and group work
- Individual, group and class investigations
- Observations

Lessons planned use a variety of resources, including:

- 1Decision slideshows, videos and activities
- Lessons from a range of PSHE Association Approved organisations
- Diagrams
- Documents, books and newspapers
- Visitors
- Discussion
- Photographs

Throughout the year, we have a variety of speakers for our assemblies and to work with the pupils in the classroom for example, NSPCC, Dogs Trust, Walk to school, Headstart, the Police, Fire and Ambulance services. The curriculum will be further supplemented through whole school days where we will consider PSHE related issues, e.g. Children in Need, Wellbeing week, Anti-bullying week.

Pupils are aware of staff in school they can go to for support. The Learning, social and behaviour leader works with groups of students and individuals depending on need and support. The students are made aware of outside agencies through our assembly programme. Daily assemblies supplement our PSHE curriculum but the majority of teaching is delivered through discrete lessons to ensure the highest engagement in learning.

Documents to be read in conjunction with this policy:

PSHE long and medium term plans Safeguarding Policy E-Safety Policy Year Group Planning Relationships and Sex Education policy

Drugs Education Policy Anti — bullying policy Healthy Eating Policy Food Policy Behaviour Policy